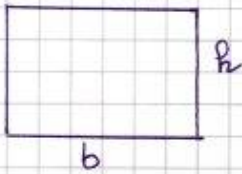


FORMULARIO - AREE - POLIGONI

RETANGOLO



FORMULA DIRETTA

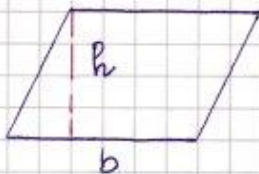
$$A = b \cdot h$$

FORMULA INVERSA

$$h = \frac{A}{b}$$

$$b = \frac{A}{h}$$

PARALLELOGRAMMA



FORMULA DIRETTA

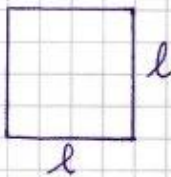
$$A = b \cdot h$$

FORMULE INVERSE

$$h = \frac{A}{b}$$

$$b = \frac{A}{h}$$

QUADRATO



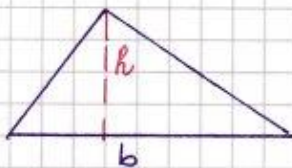
FORMULA DIRETTA

$$A = l \cdot l = l^2$$

FORMULA INVERSA

$$l = \sqrt{A}$$

TRIANGOLO



FORMULA DIRETTA

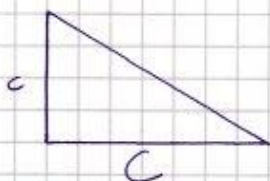
$$A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

FORMULA INVERSA

$$b = \frac{2 \cdot A}{h}$$

$$h = \frac{2 \cdot A}{b}$$

TRIANGOLO RETTANGOLO



FORMULA DIRETTA

$$A = \frac{c \cdot c}{2}$$

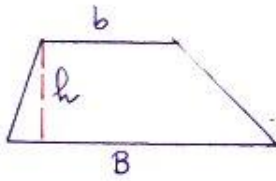
FORMULA INVERSA

$$c = \frac{2A}{c}$$

$$c = \frac{2A}{c}$$

FORMULARIO - AREE - POLIGONI

TRAPEZIO



FORMULA DIRETTA

$$A = \frac{(B+b) \cdot h}{2}$$

FORMULE INVERSE

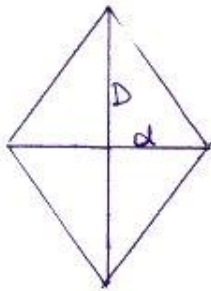
$$h = \frac{2 \cdot A}{B+b}$$

$$B = \frac{2 \cdot A}{h} - b$$

$$b = \frac{2 \cdot A}{h} - B$$

$$B+b = \frac{2 \cdot A}{h}$$

ROMBO



FORMULA DIRETTA

$$A = \frac{d \cdot D}{2}$$

FORMULA INVERSA

$$d = \frac{2 \cdot A}{D}$$

$$D = \frac{2 \cdot A}{d}$$

$$l = \sqrt{\left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2} \quad \text{TEO. PITAGORA}$$